

# Nelson Primary School Inspiring Ambition, Achieving Success

#### **Weekly Homework Tasks**

#### Key Stage 2 Year 5

7.5.18

Homework books must be in school on Monday and it will be returned on Tuesday.

**Reading** – Please read aloud to an adult every day. Write a summary of what you have read or discuss the story with an adult. <u>Please record your reading and any new or tricky vocabulary each time you read</u>. Please visit Nelson School Library for your reading wristband books. <u>Remember to bring your book and reading record to school every day.</u>

**Maths – Doubles and halves of 2 digit decimals** ready for your **test on Friday.** This target is about being able to double and halve numbers up to 2 decimal places, e.g. Double 13.36 is 26.72 Half of 18.28 is 9.14 Practice all of your times tables (0x0 to 12x12) Complete additional questions if you can.

### Spelling

- 1) You must ensure you know the meaning of the word. -use a dictionary to help you if you are unsure.
- 2) Write a sentence for some of the words. You can include more than one word in a sentence as long as it makes sense and shows that you understand the word.
- 3) Practise and study all of the spelling words ready for the Weekly Spelling Test. To help you learn, every day you could draw a table like below to help you practise.
- 4) <u>Use your spelling menu to help you Practise your spellings.</u> You can pick any of the activities you like to help you learn all the words. Complete this in your homework book.

You can choose to use this table if you like. Please make sure you Write your sentences in your homework books.

Look Say Cover Write Check						
	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	Sunday
muscle						
necessary						
neighbour						
nuisance						
occupy						
occur						
opportunity						
parliament						
persuade						
physical						

Q1. The numbers in this sequence increase by the same amount each time.  Write the two missing numbers.  610 650 690	<b>Q6.</b> Here is Write <b>eac</b> l						diagrar	n.			
Q2. In this shape, one of the angles is obtuse.	2	2	0	201	2	000					
Tick (✔) the obtuse angle.		two-dig		n	nultiples of 5		three-				
Q3. A shop sells T-shirts.	Q7. Write	the miss	ing nur	nbers	to make	e these	calcul	ations (	correct.		
This chart shows how many T-shirts were sold in a month.  = 100 T-shirts	200 ×										
red O O	(100 – ) × 100 = 100										
white OOOG	Q8. Seb saved up for a new skateboard that cost £40										
orange O O	The table	shows ho	ow muc	ch mor	ney he	saved 6	each w	eek. 7	8	9	10
Write the colours of the T-shirts that sold <b>more than 400</b> in the month	Amount saved	£5	£4	£2	£4	£3	£4	£6	£4	£3	£5
How many red T-shirts and orange T-shirts were sold altogether?	In which v	veek did	Seb re	ach ha	alf the a	amoun	t he ne	eded fo	or the s	kateboa	ard? -
How many <b>more</b> white than blue T-shirts were sold?	If Seb had		n ovtro	£1 00	ch woo	yk in w	hich w	ook wo	uld bo l	2210	
Q4. Seb has to see the doctor at 10:05 am.	reached h	is target	of £401	?		-					
He gets to the doctor's surgery at 9:52 am. How many minutes <b>early</b> is he?	This weatl town on fiv				ghest a	and low	est ten	nperatu	res in a	a	
He leaves the doctor's surgery at 10:25 am. He gets to school 45 minutes later. What time does he arrive at school?			Tem	nperatu	ıre °C						
<b>Q5.</b> Each of these diagrams is divided into equal parts. Some of the parts are shaded.			highe	est	lowest						
	Monday		+7		0						
	Tuesday		+7		-2						
A B C	Wednes	day	+8		-2						
A	Thursda	<b>y</b>	+9		+1						
D E	Friday		+4		<b>-</b> 5						
Write the letters of all the diagrams that have exactly $\frac{1}{2}$ shaded	Which day lowest ten								and the	)	
Which of the diagrams has exactly $\overline{3}$ shaded?	What is th	e differer	nce bet	ween	the low	est tem	nperatu	res on	Thursd	ay	
	and Friday	/? L	de	grees							

## **Evelyn Glennie autobiography**

Evelyn Glennie is a well-known musician who plays many different percussion instruments. She published her autobiography, *Good Vibrations*, in 1991. These are extracts, adapted from her book. Here, Evelyn describes how she first became inspired to take up percussion instruments and how she 'hears' music, even though she is deaf.

People often ask me why I decided to take up percussion. It's difficult to say why exactly. I always knew that I wanted to be a musician, but my enthusiasm for percussion may have dated back to the time in my childhood when I went to a local competition and saw Isabel, a young girl, playing the xylophone. She was brilliant, just amazing, and I thought, 'I didn't realise a xylophone could do this.' Once I went to secondary school I found there were many more percussion instruments to discover, which may be why I was so determined to try them.

I remember going through to the percussion room. It was tiny, with one window, and what I saw was a xylophone, a couple of hand-tuned timpani (often known as kettle drums), a drum kit, an upright piano, books and papers stacked in heaps, a great long cupboard for more papers, and bits of instruments everywhere; the room was so small and so crowded that I could hardly move.





timpani

Mr Forbes, my teacher, told me to play some notes on the xylophone. You can usually tell when you test someone like this whether they have natural ability simply by the way they handle the sticks. I'd never used sticks before but I picked them up and played with no stiffness or awkwardness.

I know how music sounds by what I feel. I can sense musical sound through my feet and lower body, and also through my hands. I can identify different notes according to which part of my foot feels the vibrations and for how long, and by how I experience the vibrations in my body.

Mr Forbes taught me how to develop my senses. He used to tell me to put my hands on the wall outside the music room and then he would play two notes on two drums and ask me, 'Okay, which is the higher note?' I'd tell him which I thought it was, and he'd ask me, 'How do you know?' So I'd tell him I could feel it maybe in the upper part of my hand, while I felt the other note all the way down to my wrist. Or we'd discuss what was happening in my feet and legs as I played the drums, or listened to a piece of music. Similarly, I always knew when a door banged or the phone rang, and my ability to sense sound developed as I became more and more dependent upon it.

Anyone can experience these effects, of course; if you put your hands on both sides of a piece of paper when a radio is on, you can feel the vibrations coming through the paper, and most young people have experienced the vibrations that pour through the lower limbs at the strong bass beats of a 'high-powered' disco.

Music isn't just a question of sounds. The thing about playing percussion is that you are not just creating sound, not just playing notes or beating out a pattern. You are creating emotions from inside yourself that can be sometimes beautiful and uplifting but are, sometimes, ugly or disturbing. To be a good musician, music has to come from deep inside you, from a seed growing in your heart.

	2 marks
The percussion room made a big impression on Evelyn the first time she saw What do you think her thoughts were as she looked around? Write her thou	
Evelyn	2
When Evelyn lifted the sticks, she played with no stiffness or awkwardness.	
What did this show?	1 mark
When Evelyn performs she often takes off her shoes. Why?	1 mark
What do you think Evelyn meant by a seed growing in your heart?	1 mark
Evelyn's autobiography is called <i>Good Vibrations</i> . Why is this a good title fo	r her book? 2 marks
Why do you think many people admire Evelyn Glennie?	3 marks
You are creating emotions from inside yourself that can be sometimes beau	tiful and <b>uplifting</b>
Give the meaning of the word <i>uplifting</i> in the sentence.	
	1 mark